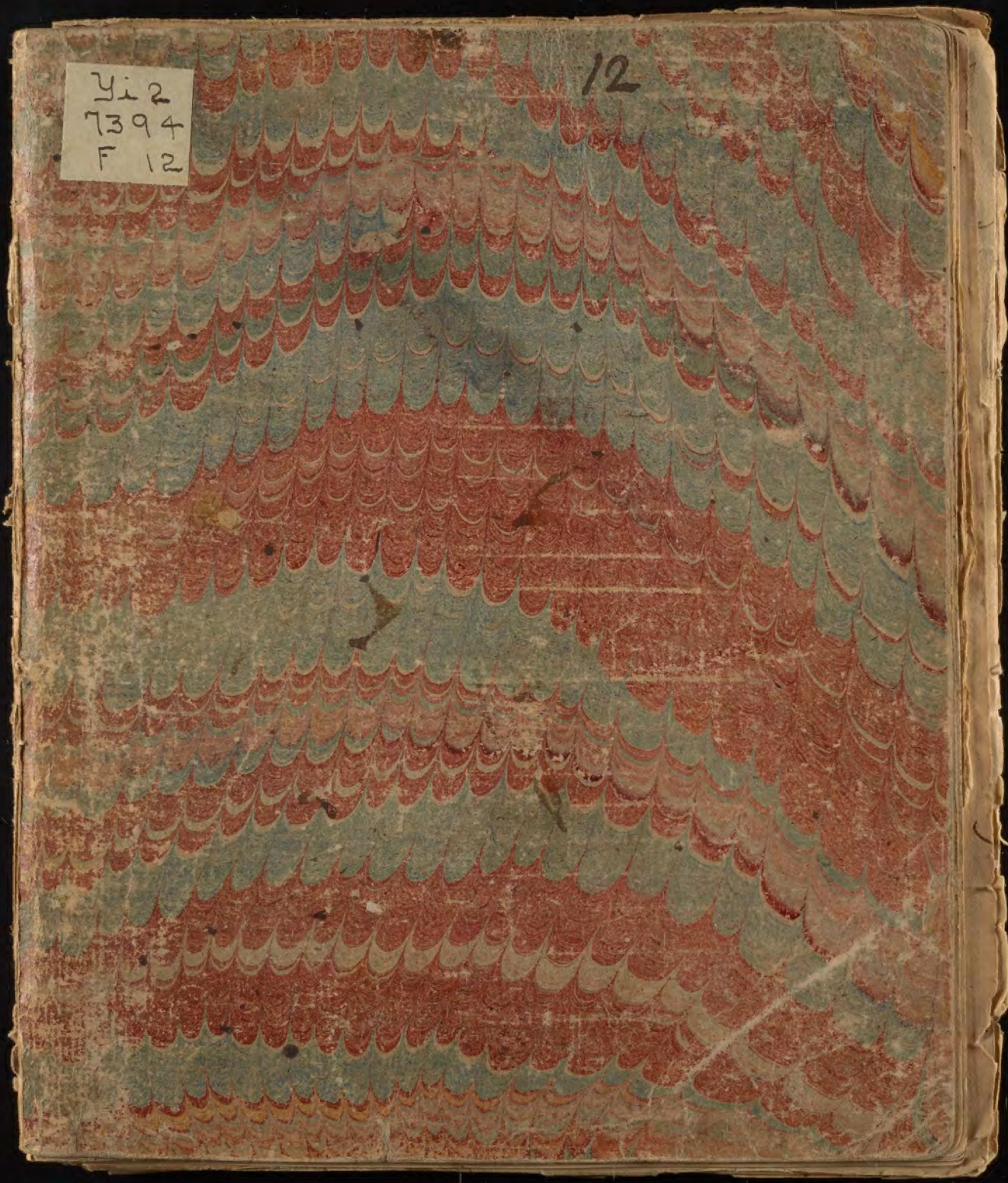
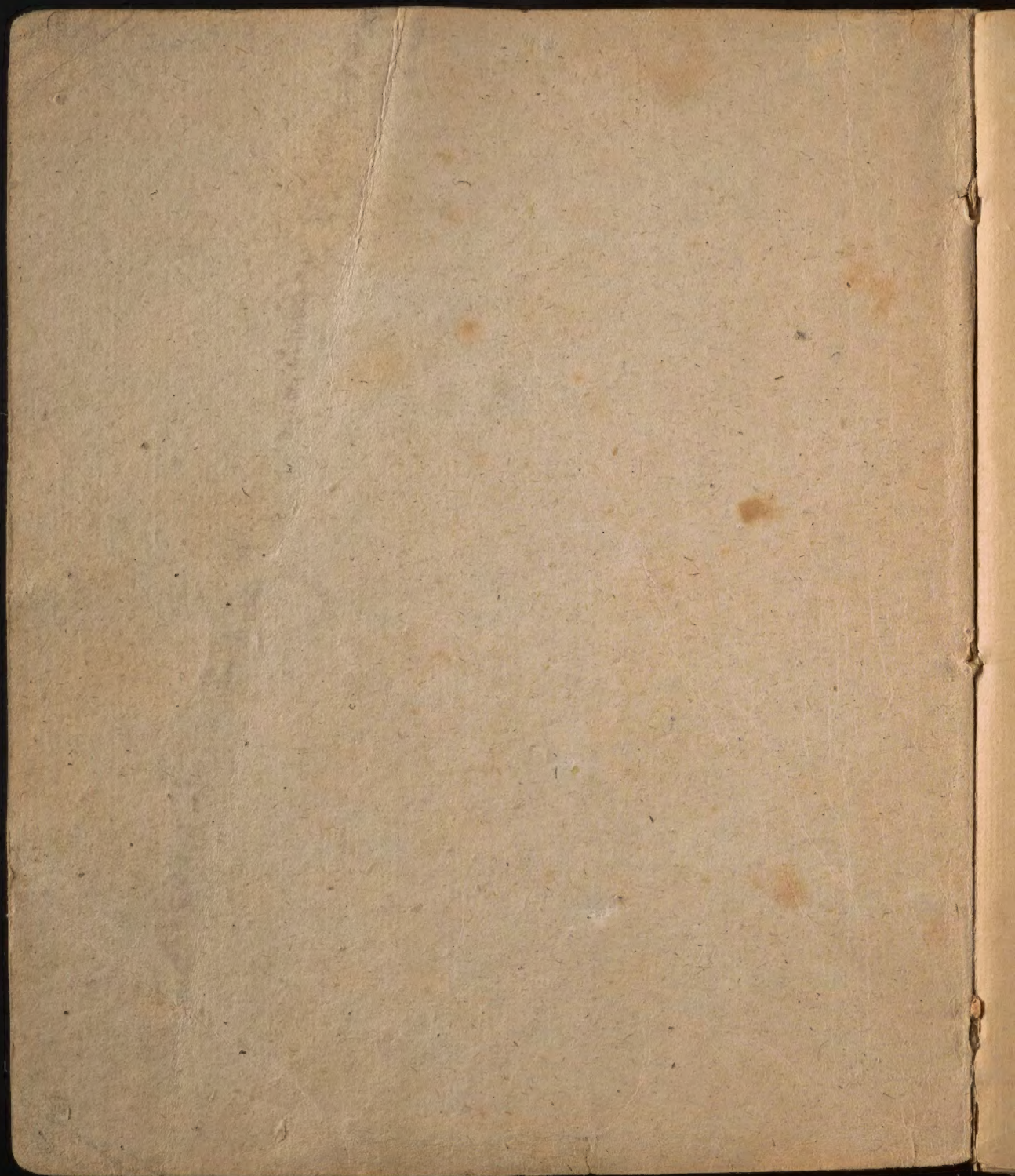


Yi 2
7394
F 12

12





Remedies for Atonic weakness 545.

Weakness & defect of memory 551

Fatuity ————— 670

Diseases of the papeons - 576.

leaving ~~the~~ memory ~~unimpaired~~. This is the
most ~~deplorable~~ ^{deplorable} state of madness. ~~It is~~ ^{Mr} ~~has~~ ^{has} described
~~the worst cases~~. ~~See~~ ^{See} ~~many~~ ^{many} ~~of~~ ^{of}
it ~~person~~ in his poems of memory in the
following elegant & affecting lines. p. 15 ^{to} 18
presenting them in such a manner,
that the persons ~~of~~ afflicted with
madness discover the most vicious
dispositions, ~~both~~ in their conduct
and conversation. Sometimes the
moral faults are unimpaired
amidst the ruin of all the rational
faults of the mind. Of this I have
~~the same~~ ^{the same} ~~in~~ ⁱⁿ ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~poet~~ ^{poet} ~~as~~ ^{as} ~~most~~ ^{most} ~~very~~ ^{very} ~~pious~~ ^{pious} ~~people~~ ^{people} ~~down~~ ^{down}
~~seen~~ ^{seen} ~~several~~ ^{several} ~~instances~~ ^{instances}. These persons
~~in the street~~ ^{in the street} ~~made~~ ^{made} ~~his~~ ^{his} ~~visitors~~ ^{visitors} ~~pray~~ ^{pray} ~~to~~ ^{to} ~~him~~ ^{him} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~old~~ ^{old} ~~lady~~ ^{lady}
are not only inoffensive, but useful
in families and public hospitals,
always shewing a disposition to do
what they are commanded in a
faithful & affectionate manner. ^{this}

✓ Mania
Stomach State

continues

~~This~~ species of Madness sometimes ^{10-15-20 &}
even 30 years, when only moderate in its degree,
but it frequently terminates in death by
means of Epilepsy - Convulsions, ^{& other Diseases} ~~the retention~~
to be mentioned hereafter.
or premature discharge of some of the
excretions - ^{Hystria - Hypochondria &} ~~lastly by fatuity~~. ~~Go to p. 535~~

Persons who labour under this ^{atonic} state of
mania, I have said frequently possess great
equanimity of temper - hence they sometimes
become corpulent, from the ~~want~~ ^{want} of
excess of appetite, accompanied with a
want of the usual exercises of the body &
mind. This was the case with the well
~~known~~ Christ Smart. But there
are instances in which this atonic
state of madness is accompanied ^{with}
great djection of mind. ~~Go to p. 534~~

"Woman. Keep thy foot out of brothels - thy
 " hands out of plackets - thy pen from Linn-
 " - den books, - & defy the foul fiend" - ~~After~~
 this excellent advice ~~his mad~~ ^{he cries out} as a madman
 " still this the hawthorn - blows the cold
 winds - ha - miners - Dolphin - my boy -
 my boy - Sepe - let him trot by!" - ~~and~~

In ~~reminiscent~~ ^{reminiscent} the histories of the two
 species of ~~madness~~ ^{madness} which have been given, it
 is impossible to express our feelings ^{upon} ~~in words~~
~~reminiscent~~ ^{reminiscent} the histories of the two ~~forms~~ ^{of states}
 of madness ^{which} have been given, in better words
 than those ^{which} Lear uses ~~in~~ after contem-
 -plating the wretched appearance of Edgar
 in a paragon of madness ^{in his} ~~in a paragon of madness~~ ^{exposed to} ~~in a paragon of madness~~
 " Thou wert better in thy grave, than to
 " answer, with thy uncovered body, this extre-
 " -mitie of the ~~thy~~ sky. Is man no more
 " than this? - Consider him well. Thou
 " ow'st the worm no silk - the beast no
 " hide - the sheep no wool - the cat ^{no} ~~no~~

± particular mania & mania. ^{inflam.}
Perhaps like hysteria & hypochondria they ~~are~~
~~also~~ exist above.

Again there is sometimes great ^{inflam.}
of ~~body~~ I believe there may ~~be~~ ^{inflam.}
action ~~in~~ ⁱⁿ the brain, & no little or

no action induced in consequence of it
in any of the animal functions, just as

~~§ 35~~ ~~go to p. 516~~ ~~§ 35~~

~~a case of typical action may occur~~
^{inflam.}

in the brain like a chronic ^{inflam.}
may occur in the liver the
in ~~the~~ ^{arterial} without bringing any other
part of the system into sympathy ^{with it.}

~~go to the line p. 537~~

Pinel says madmen are ^{often} ~~more~~
but not always worse in very hot weather
& just before the coming on of a storm. They
artificially are often so at the full of the moon.
~~go to p. 537 - to the cure.~~

"Perfume... Thou art a thing itself. Unac-

"=commuted man is no more, but such a

"poor, base, forlorn animal as thou art ¹¹⁼

Do ~~not~~ ~~suppose~~ ~~that~~ ~~the~~ ~~two~~ ~~States~~ ~~Deranged~~ ~~which~~ ~~have~~ ~~been~~ ~~described~~ ~~any~~ ~~of~~ ~~these~~ ~~always~~ ~~appear~~ ~~in~~ ~~a~~ ~~land~~ ~~one~~ ~~of~~ ~~them~~, ^{or} ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~same~~ ~~State~~, - altho they frequently do. They

Sometimes alternate with each other. Thus

we often see the same person from the ^{fresh} influence

of certain remote or existing Cause exhibit
the symptoms of ^{mania - mania & mania} ~~mania or mania~~ ~~and~~ ~~two~~

or three times in the same year. Sometimes

^{of its} ~~the two~~ ~~States~~ ~~are~~ ~~blended~~ ~~together~~. ⁺ From ex-

=cit of emotion in one part, & ~~def.~~ in another

part of the brain - ⁺ ~~It is of consequence~~ ~~to~~ ~~use~~

you see the simplicity of nature, & the analogy

of diseases in every part of the system. A

typhoid ^{or mixed} ~~dis~~ ~~ease~~ ~~this~~ ~~is~~ ~~seen~~ - not only in the

~~connection~~ ~~of~~ ~~man~~ ~~with~~ ~~the~~ ~~system~~ ~~of~~ ~~typhoid~~ ~~fever~~ ~~and~~ ~~its~~ ~~own~~

Diseases of the arterial & nervous system,

but also in the diseases of the brain. ~~+~~

Dec. 5. Dr. Addington, on his examination before the house of lords, stated, that he had formerly found so many people afflicted with that malady in the neighbourhood of Reading, that he built a house adjoining his own, for the purpose of receiving them, and constantly had eight or ten patients; that he scarcely knew an instance of its proving fatal, and not above one or two that the recovery was not within twelve months—his examination there remarked it might be necessary to observe, that several of them had been afflicted for two or three years before they came under his care.

Kew, Dec. 7. quarter past ten. Hurst, the hobby groom, is this moment sent as fast as possible to bring Mr. Dundas, the apothecary, from Richmond

*Symptoms of Hysteria, are
irregular
digestion
that the
food upsets the
stomach
leads to health.
Hysteria*

*in our Hall - Hysteria madness - a
a recovery Hysteria [a case of]
pain, and an acknowledgement of
misery and likewise favourable
signs. It shews a return to the Hippo-
condriac state of derangement, which*

Just arrived in the ship Adriana,
apt. Argus, from Cadiz,
SHERRY Wines of the first
quality, in quartercasks
Fire in casks, jars and boxes
Prunes in jars, and a few chests fresh lemons
Liquorish root, a small quantity
In the brig Molly, Capt. Partridge, from Teneriffe,
and just landing,
Teneriffe Wines, of a superior quality, in pipes, hogs-
heads and quartercasks
TO BE SOLD BY
John Leamy,
At his store in Penn Street
Dec. 24. wife
Andrew Clew & Co.
ons, at their STORES in Front Street, the Corn-
er of Black-horse alley,
Wines and Fruits:
CONSISTING OF
SHERRY WINE of the first
quality and flavor, from two to six years old.
Malaga do. in pipes and quartercasks
Port do. in hogheads and quartercasks
Catalonia Red do. in pipes
Fine fresh RAISINS of the Sun, in kegs
Ditto do.
New FIGS in kegs
Soft shelled Almonds in bags—And
ALS-O-A-S USUAL
An Assortment of Dry Goods,
Which they are selling very cheap for Cash or on a
January 31. w&dit

I go first to the ⁵³⁶ ~~prognostic~~ ^{prognostic} ~~causal~~ ^{causal}. ~~1839~~

I shall now deliver a few remarks on symptoms which indicate a favourable ~~the probable~~ issue of this disease. —

Where madness is hereditary in a family, it is generally said to be incurable. That is, as yet we know not how to cure it. But I deny this fact. — It may be cured, but it will always be more apt to recur than ~~madness from fevers~~ ^{madness from fevers} — ~~or accidental persons~~ ^{or accidental persons} that is not hereditary. Dumbness ~~most frequently~~ ^{is} applied to medicine.

Madness from violent emotions is less difficult of cure, than madness from violent passions.

A return of any ancient habit in a patient also generally portends a recovery. For George Baber pronounced the King of Britⁿ in a convalescent state as soon, as to demand him to speak with ^{a rapidity} ~~his usual~~ that has always been peculiar to him, & which has been so accurately ~~correctly~~ ^{correctly} but humorously ~~but~~ ^{but} ~~correctly~~ ^{correctly} ridiculed by Pitt-Pindar.

Madness is a much less incurable in

Jamaica spirits
 Old Antigua, Grenada, and St. Croix rum
 New-England rum
 Molasses
 Old Madeira wine in pipes and half pipes
 Ditto Sherry ditto in quarter casks
 Ditto Teneille ditto
 Georgia Indigo
 And a few whole, half and quarter chests of FRESH
 BOHEA TEA.
 N.B. They continue to keep an
 Office for the Insurance of Shipping.
 FOR SALE BY
 James Lockwood & Co.
 MUSCOVADO Sugars
 New-England Rum
 Annified and Clove Water in barrels and kegs
 Coffee, Cotton
 4d. red. and 2d. Nails
 Teneille and Royal Wines, in pipes and quarters
 casks
 Butter, Hk. Arkins
 Tanners Oil
 Bell Dumb Fifth

Dec. 5. Dr. Addington, on his examination before the house of lords, stated, that he had formerly found so many people afflicted with that malady in the neighbourhood of Reading, that he built a house adjoining his own, for the purpose of receiving them, and constantly had eight or ten patients; that he scarcely new an instance of its proving fatal, and not above one or two that the recovery was not within twelve months—his examination there remarked it might be necessary to observe, that several of them had been afflicted for two or three years before they came under his care.
 Kew, Dec. 7. quarter past ten " Hurst, the hobby groom, is this moment sent as fast as possible to bring Mr. Dundas, the apothecary, from Richmond

which are symptoms of Hysteria,
 & laughing are
~~weeping is a favourable sign~~
~~for as the disease comes on from the~~
~~regions which are affected in the disease~~
~~it shows that the system~~
~~is returning from the lower to the~~
~~upper.~~
~~disease from madness to health.~~
 It is a madness succeeded by epilepsy
 in an old Hysteria - madness - &
 a recovery Hysteria [a stage of
 pain, and an acknowledgement of
 misery are likewise favourable
 signs. It shows a return to the Hippo-
 condriac state of derangement, which

E go first to ⁵³⁶ the proximate cause.

I shall now deliver a few remarks on symptoms which indicate a favourable ~~the probable~~ issue of this disease.

Where madness is hereditary in a family, it is generally said to be incurable. That is, as yet we know not how to cure it. But I deny this fact. It may be cured, but it will always be more apt to recur than ^{madness from fevers - posturition - or accidental persons} that is not hereditary. Dumbness most frequently yields to medicine.

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Madness is a much less incurable in

Philadelphia, Feb. 11.

A correspondent yesterday favored us with the Whitehall Evening Post of the 11th December 1788, received by the ship Hope, captain Service, arrived at New-York on Thursday last, from London.—From which we have copied the following Intelligence.

LONDON, December 11. HOUSE OF LORDS. HIS MAJESTY'S ILLNESS.

WEDNESDAY, December 10.

The committee appointed by this house to examine the physicians who had attended his majesty during his illness, met in the prince's chamber adjoining to the house of peers before 12 o'clock, and entered upon the examination, which was finally concluded at six o'clock.

This day the report of the above examination will be made to the house of peers, and a committee will afterwards be moved to search for precedents.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

WEDNESDAY, December 10.

IMPORTANT CONSTITUTIONAL DISCUSSION.

As soon as the speaker had taken the chair, general R. Cunningham took the oaths at the table.

The chancellor of the exchequer appearing at the bar with the report of the committee "appointed to examine the physicians who have attended his majesty, touching the state of his health, and report such examination to the house," was ordered to bring it up, and laid it on the table accordingly.

The report was read, and consisted of the several examinations of Dr. Warren, Sir George Baker, the Rev. Dr. Willis, Dr. Gisborne, Dr. Addington, Sir Lucas Pepys, and Dr. Reynolds, who respectively declare the king at present incapable of meeting his parliament, or attending to public business, but express their hopes of his recovery, and ground their opinion of its probability on their experience, which has taught them that the majority of patients afflicted with the same disorder have recovered, although they cannot pronounce when the precise point of time will arrive at which his majesty will be well.

[As these examinations are ordered to be printed, they will most probably be handed to the public at large; it is needless therefore for us to give an imperfect detail of their contents; suffice it that we mention that of Dr. Willis, as affording the best grounded hopes of his majesty's speedy recovery. The Doctor declared, that if his majesty was a common person he should say, that he would certainly recover soon, but that when he grew better, reflection on the consequence of his having been subject to such a disorder, might retard and protract his recovery; that he had had twenty six years experience of the branch of medicine under which his majesty's illness was included, having for that period had from twenty to thirty patients in his own house every year; that nine out of ten of them had recovered within three months; that he saw nothing in his majesty's case to make him pronounce that his majesty would not recover in that time, although he could not say that he would; that a year and a half was the longest time that he ever knew before a patient, whose case was deemed curable, recovered; and that five or six months, as near as he could calculate, was the medium of time that it ordinarily took to cure the disorder; that he was called in on Friday last, when he first saw his majesty; that his majesty's malady appeared to have been caused by weighty business, severe exercise, extreme abstinence, and little rest; and that the reason which led him to conclude that these had been the causes, was, that the medicines given his majesty on Sunday last, were administered to counteract those causes, and had already produced the desired effect, to a certain degree.]

As soon as the examinations had been gone

Dec. 5. Dr. Addington, on his examination before the house of lords, stated, that he had formerly found so many people afflicted with that malady in the neighbourhood of Reading, that he built a house adjoining his own, for the purpose of receiving them, and constantly had eight or ten patients; that he scarcely knew an instance of its proving fatal, and not above one or two that the recovery was not within twelve months—his examination there remarked it might be necessary to observe, that several of them had been afflicted for two or three years before they came under his care.

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Symptoms of Hysteria,

are

*unstable fits
this disease*

*reason from the
that the hysterical
disease is the*

is to health.

*and Epilepsy
via menses - &
a sort of*

*involvement of
a favourable
turn to the Hippo-
craticism, which*

E go first to ⁵³⁶ ~~the~~ ^{proximate} ~~the~~ ^{cause.} ~~the~~ ^{p837}

I shall now deliver a few remarks on symptoms which indicate a favourable ~~the~~ ^{probable} issue of this disease.

Where madness is hereditary in a family, it is generally said to be incurable. That is, as yet we know not how to cure it. But I deny this fact. — It may be cured, but it will always be more apt to recur than ^{madness from fever - posturition - or accidental persons} ~~madness~~ that is not hereditary. Dumbness ~~most frequently~~ ^{readily} yields to medicine.

Madness from violent emotions is less difficult of cure, than madness from violent passions.

A return of any ancient habit in a patient ~~also~~ generally portends a recovery. For George Baber pronounced the King of Brit^a in a convalescent state as soon, as to observed him to speak with ^{a rapidity} ~~his usual~~ that has always been peculiar to him, & which has been so accurately comely, but humorously ~~but~~ ^{satirically} ridiculed by Pitt. Pindar.

Madness is a much less incurable in

is a less degree of the disorder. I formerly ^{remarked} observed
that many other diseases passed out of the system
by the same way in which they entered it.

2 + Remove a patient from his family &
(if his madness has come on him at home)
friends to a place of confinement. This should
be in an airy part of the country, & among
strangers against whom no prejudices are
entertained, and ^{will} of course find less dif-
ficulty in governing him. ~~He should be restrained by means of what is~~
~~called the mad shirt -~~ ^{He should be restrained by means of what is}
^{called the mad shirt -} Great delicacy & judgment
sh^d be used in the management of him by
the persons who constantly attend - but more
of this hereafter. — ~~Perhaps an advantage~~
~~at Remount posture sh^d be avoided -~~
+ He submits to this, with less rage than
to being held, as the shirt excites no
resentment, & he seldom in this
state has combination eno^g to
know that it was forced upon him
by ^{the} persons who are about him.
The less the better - for remount posture ^{sh^d be avoided}
^{as much as possible.}

madman in a few days to his reason - and
 where it has not this effect, - it seldom fails
 of producing ~~so~~ much exposure in the
 system as to render a patient more govern-
 :able afterwards. - V

Emetics - by debilitating the ^{whole} system ^{where} ~~have~~
~~being~~ it is br^t into sympathy ~~hence~~
~~significantly a~~ happy effects in this ^{case} disorder. - ~~But~~ They
 should be repeated, when indicated, frequently
 if we expect any durable benefit from them.

7th Purges are highly proper in this disease.
 They are of ancient use. Melampus cured
 the daughters of Peneus by this this remedy.
 It was the Hellebore, which afterwards
 bore his name. Crem. Tart. Salts, &c
 Soluble Tartar have all been used with
 success. I have latterly used no other than
 10 & 15 or 20 & 25 ~~grs~~ in the first stage
 of the disease. ^{The bowels should be} ~~As a purge of some kind~~
~~kept gently opened two or three times~~
~~with the most emollient~~

The influence of this evaporation on the brain is
✓ very great. ^{hence we find some} Dis delirious who die of Diarr.
= ^{or} ~~an~~ ^{or} Dysentery. ^{many}
Blisters. In a letter I received ^{some} years
ago from Dr Willis he informed me that
he always applied them to the Ankles
in this Disease, ~~and that~~ in preference
off to the head, or neck. In the ~~for~~ ^{early}

He gave no reason for this practice, but it
immediately suggested a principle to me which
^{mentioned formerly}
I have since applied with great benefit not
in Phrenitis pyrexia-palys ^{or vertigo}, but to
only ~~to~~ ^{the} ~~the~~ ^{was} ask, ~~Phrenitis~~ ^{the}

the Diseases of the breast and bowels. The
~~Advantages~~ It is not necessary to apply
them exclusively to the Ankles. They do nearly
the same twice when applied to the Wrist,
and it is sometimes necessary to apply them
alternately to the upper & lower extremities.

After the partial reduction of the pulse
they should be applied first to the neck
and afterwards to the head. It is because
they were applied prematurely to the head

that Dr Monro of London who attended the
Buckingham Hospital says they are ^{useful}
~~have~~ when applied to that part of the
body. Some say so harm.

madness in ^{one} a few days to live again - and
where it has not this effect, - it seldom fails
of producing so much ~~composure~~ ^{composure} in the
system as to render a patient more govern-
able afterwards. - V

Emetics - by debilitating the ^{whole} system ^{where} ~~to~~
~~being~~ it is br^{ought} into sympathy ~~have~~
^{several} happy effects in this ^{case} disorder. - ~~that~~ They
should be repeated when indicated frequently
if we expect any durable benefit from them.

70 Purgers are highly proper in this disease.
They are of ancient use. Melampus cured
the daughters of Pelus by this this remedy.
It was the Hellebore, which afterwards
bore his name. Crem. Tart. Salts, &
Soluble Tartar have all been used with
success. I have latterly used no other than
10 & 15 or 20 & 25 ~~grs~~ in the first stage
of the disease. ^{The bowels should be} ~~that a purge of some kind~~
kept gently opened two or three ^{a week} times.
I will ~~not~~ ^{not} ~~omit~~ ^{omit} ~~mention~~ ^{mention}

✓ 9
+ A Dr Parry has of late been much cele^{brated}
in Engl^d. for the cure of madness by ~~cont~~
= keeping for a short time the Carotid Ar^{ies}
this remedy

p: 589

Yussia - sine febre

2
Goed water to head for 7 to 15 days on a
barban band^l - after it produced a
thriving left on for an hour - Cobbling
flighing favourable - then torius -
by Dr G. Brown Bath - to Dr Duncan
Annals of med. Vol. 4.

Telanus

wound of tongue. an of med.

vol. 14. Dryade

may happen, when

system into sympathy - upon the same
~~and also hinted~~
principles that chronic hepatitis may
happen without general inflamⁿ.

+ Wm. Potter informed me of a case of
its being in a madman who escaped from his

4. Cold Air - Cold Water ⁶³⁹. I have heard from a physician in Maryland of a man who made his escape from his stupor in a cold night in winter, and who was brought home in the morning by his neighbors in a sound state of mind. Cold water has been used in 2 ways: 1. By immersing the body in it, & 2. Compressing the patient in it for several hours. ~~Until revived~~ It acts in this way very differently from the Cold Bath. No reaction takes place in the system when the patient comes out of the water. A 2nd method of applying cold water is to apply it to the head. Dr. Fuller commends a Clay Caps for this purpose. The water is applied more recently by means of a bladder, or a cephalic tin caps. It may be added to the water when an intense cold is indicated. The advantage of this cold application to the head will be much increased.

by placing the feet at the same time in
warm water especially if the circulation
appears to be languid in them. You will
see a striking case of the efficacy of this
mode of applying cold & hot water to the two
extremities of a maniac in Dr Fox's museum
published by Dr Spence of Dumfries in Virginia.
The water should be continued upon the
head for not only hours, but whole days,
in some cases. The signs for taking it off
are a chilliness - sobbing or weeping in the
patient. To render this application more
~~in some cases~~ effectual, the hair should be
cut off, and when practicable the head sh?
be shaved. Dr Moreau a French physician says
he cured a case of madness by this ^{simple act} ~~mode~~ only.
Revolve the hair feels the influence of ^{simple disc} ~~with the~~
^{abruptly} stimulating & sedative passions & passions.
It rises in waves - It becomes dry just before an
attack of fever in children. It lost its curls

in the marquis of Oriskany in all his ins. at
the approach of Richms - It rises ^{to a} perpendicular
in terror, and is become grey, or falls from
the head in fear. - who knows how much
Disease may be conveyed out of the System
by cutting it off particularly of disease in
the brain? —

✓ The insensibility of the System to Cold
in this state of madness is illustrated by a
striking fact mentioned by Pluric. He
says a young Woman slept upon a cold
floor during a whole night so cold as to
freeze water ^{and a bowl of milk} upon her table, ~~and even~~
without ~~the~~ the least increase of
her Disease. —

friends, & laid out all night in the
depths of winter. He was perfectly &
suddenly cured by it.

§, 10 Hard labor has sometimes cured this disease.
Gaulle used to tell his pupils of a Farmer in
Scotland who ~~made a great deal of money by~~ ^{made a great deal of} ~~money by~~ ^{mad}
for madness. The ~~truth~~ ^{fact} his cure consisted in obliging
his patients to work upon his farm. —

12 ~~Q~~ A salivation. The inflammation
existed in the throat & mouth often
abstract it from the brain. But
it does more — it depletes powerfully
from ^{its} ~~the~~ vicinity of the inflamed,
& turgid vessels, and thus cooperates

with bl. and purging in reducing
general & local. ^{Lastly it diverts the mind by exciting}

the inflamed diathesis of the system. th
~~remedy, or distemp.~~

I have used this remedy w great
advantage in ^{in private practice as well as in} our hospital, ~~in many~~
~~instances~~ — See Haldwells case of
mania & saliv ^{alternating} ~~case of the same kind~~ ^{case of the same kind}.

V^{10th}

540

have recovered in consequence of it, & lived many years afterwards in perfect health. Where ~~this~~ cold immersion is objected to - a clay ^{or turban} cap has been substituted in its room. The application of cold in any way to the head after it has been shaved, is equally proper. I have seen good effects from cold vinegar ^{applied to the head}. Perhaps the best effects would arise from Cataplasms of Snow or pounded ice repeatedly changed. In a case of ^{inflamed action} ~~cause of~~ ~~inflammation~~ in the brain which is ~~generally~~ local, I conceive this partial application of cold should be preferred. It may be known by ^{but little} ~~a change~~ being perceived in the pulse in ~~vi~~ ~~sight~~ ~~of~~ ~~excessive~~. It will be aided by putting the feet at the same time in ~~cold~~ hot water, Also by first ~~cutting off hair~~ ~~& shaving the head~~. A case cured by it by Dr. Bagnosau. Hair pulled out = ~~Dr. Prigory used to tell~~ ~~of~~ ~~stimulated~~ ~~stimulated~~ ~~passions~~ -

V 2 mud for mind here some for body
V. Rullen used to tell his
J. B. O.

== I shall mention two cases hereafter in
which madness attended with Silence, ^{was} ~~was~~
in which the patients spoke as soon as the
tongue touched the mouth. Chap. de. in
Pur: Mos. in 1803 &c. There is no plate of
silver in which a falseth affords such prompt
relief. 12. ^{see above} ~~but some sent to the Academies~~

12 ~~The Cold Bath~~. As soon as the disease begins
 these symptoms of Abatement,
 to subside, the ~~remedy~~ should be gentle ~~and~~
 - ~~is~~ ~~not~~ ~~indicated~~ ¹³ the diet should be somewhat

more initial - and exercise particularly ~~rest~~
~~being~~ ~~swimming~~ - ~~being~~ ~~and~~ riding in a Carriage & moderate walking
 should be advised. ~~But~~ To these should be

13 ~~Added~~ the Cold Bath. This excellent remedy
 acts primarily upon the head by the stimulus
 of the weight of the water, and by the reaction
 of the blood vessels after the sedative effects of
 the water are over. It equalizes excitement
 and thus restores the body to its
 natural & healthy actions. It should be
 used two or three times a day.

We come next to the Remedies

= I shall mention two cases hereafter ~~in~~
 which madness attended with Silence, ~~was~~ ^{was}
 in which the patients spoke as soon as the
 & touched the mouth. Chap. ~~in~~
 Per: Nos. in 1803 &c. There is no plate of
 faces in which a ~~face~~ ^{face} affords such prompt
 relief. 12: ^{see above} ~~We come next to the Remedies~~

541

521
which are proper to act upon the body
~~shall combine with~~ ^{shall combine with} ~~the mind~~ ^{the mind} ~~that act on the~~
the medium of the mind. With these
body, & remedy for this purpose is to sup-
plant, or direct the ruling passion if it be
fixed to one subject, or to fix the mind upon one
subject, if be scattered upon many.

no digging - mowing soft - burning a hard
 12th Soil, on the side. ~~Dr. Allen says~~
 9th ~~Low diet - consisting of all Super vegetables.~~
 10th ~~Translating or Digesting~~
 11th ~~Regarding the melting passion of our patients.~~
 12th Nothing can be done to purpose, to wit
 to the first part of this direction.
 a great attention to this case. - I have

show in an essay upon the influence
how much the passions may be made to
neutralise or decompose each other.
upon the body.

upon the body.
~~This I know is language unintelligible~~
~~to metaphysics in medicine - but it~~
~~is never^{the} less true. I believe in a table of~~
~~is at first arranged ⁱⁿ the relation~~
~~attracting the relations of the propions~~
~~to each other, by ~~attractions~~ as much as~~

v [Dr John Hunter says the melancholy which
produces ~~the~~ Distasting in the Island of
Jamaica ^{among the negroes,} was cured by cutting of the
heads of those of who die of it & exposing
them for a while to their view.
[under Hippocampus]

I do in a table of Chemical Attractions.
 Plutarch informs us that a ^{a species of} ~~the~~ ^{the} Virgins of
~~Miletus were~~ became epidemic among
 the Virgins of Miletus which drove them
 to suicide. No efforts of reason - parental
 affection - or friendships, were able to put
 a stop to the evil - At last the magistrates
 of the town ordained that the bodies of all
 such women as ~~from~~ destroyed themselves,
 should be exposed naked after death in
 all the parts of the tower. There was on
 the ~~same~~ ^{was here} ~~the~~ ^{of} shame - opposed perhaps
 to a principle of love, or a false religion;
 I should take it for granted that the disease
 of fashion or imitation, & no real epide-
 mic. The remedy had its desired effect.
 There was no instance of suicide among
 the Virgins of Miletus afterwards. The
 Achilles we read in Homer was diverted

+ In cases of great rage, fear &c. be opposed to it. I have seen the most refractory madmen suddenly calmed by a stern countenance or tone of voice in a Physician or a Keeper. —
~~The~~ Music has often been commended in

13 This disease - . If it has done harm in any case, it has been by not applying it to the exact state of the brain, ^{morbid action of the} ~~in~~ ⁱⁿ want of ex^{act} or def^{ective} affection. ^{Dryden} ~~W. Pope~~

has given us a striking picture of the
efficacy of music upon a ^{mad} monarch
of Persia, in his Alexander's feast, ~~and~~
I mentioned another ~~the old testament~~
~~one was read in a book of higher truth?~~
instance one of the
of a ~~wise~~ kings of India being

mind of madness by the harp of David.
 In ^{highly infant} ~~David's~~ madness, I conceive plantive
 or Native are calculated to have
 times could not fail of having the
 most beneficial effects. — O 16-
 Jun 1840

most beneficial effects. — 16-
~~12 Dashes of ^{second} solution. This is~~
~~proper in the ^{inflamed} excited state of the brain. For~~
~~this reason, all~~

12 This substance is likewise highly

by his mother Thetys
 from gratifying his revenge upon the body
 of Hector by his mother Thetys is too opposing
 his to his resentment, the gentle passion of
 love. ~~As women are in a state of a naturally weak~~
~~and of a moderate madness by a suspension of~~
~~it should be opposed by a suspension of~~
~~the passions with him. - not longer so~~
 + for I grant that where the madness invades
 every ~~part~~ ^{faculty} of the mind these appeals to
 contrary passions can have no effect. Its
 ruin in the case of the Virgins of Miletus
 was owing to the sound ^{state} ~~part~~ of the moral
 faculty - for where this is disordered, I
 have known instances of the total absence
 of the sense of shame in women of the
 greatest delicacy of ~~sense~~ Chastity & delicacy.
 I shall say more of the method of opposing
 passions hereafter - ~~bring it.~~

~~Madmen~~ Madmen should never be unnecessarily
 fretted, or opposed. Every act of intemperance is
 like opium or spirits in an inflamed
 fever. The physician should take care
 - common

patients acquire his Confidence & Affections.
 Occupany coercion (~~the~~ by his orders) he
 always appears to come from another Quar-
 -ter & should be treated as if it was contrary
 to his inclination. The success of the keepers of
 the private madhouses ^{in England} ~~was~~ is owing chiefly to
 the gentle ^{dependent} methods that are used with their
 patients, and to the punctual accommodation
 of diet - medicine - or coercion to the different
 changes in their ~~Order~~ ^{disease}. — ~~It is~~ ^{the} ~~best~~ ^{best}

Women from their natural gentleness, often
 acquire an ascendancy over mad people w:
 is rarely acquired by our sex. In Iowa madness
 of a most furious ~~character~~ ^{is} often induced by the excessive use of Opium.
 The poor when affected by it are shot, the rich
~~who are~~ are attended exclusively by women &
~~the~~ generally cured. H The Conduct

the sedative operation of ~~Opium~~ ^{Opium} appears to have
 misled him egregiously upon this point.
 - He advises it to take power excitement.
 - Its effects in tonic mania show ^{the} ~~both~~ ^{the} ~~id~~

4 Borax was for a while a fashionable medicine in Eng? ~~It is now~~ ^{now} in madnes. It is now rejected as destitute of efficacy, - I have never used it.

5 Digitalis - has in one case relieved madnes in our hospital. The patient soon relapsed, and is still confined there in an insupportable state of ~~fatuity~~ ^{its credit - owing} manalgia. ^{Mr. Gerard} ~~its credit - owing to its being used in many phlegm: suppur: & digest: & consists~~

6 The Datura Stramonium - has done good in one or two cases in our hospital. It is a dangerous prescription in torrid madnes. All these medicines were introduced into practice in madnes ^{before any principles} ~~when the practice~~ were settled as to ~~the~~ its course, & when the practice was wholly empirical. We do not now stand in any more need of them than of hinguort in a pleurisy, or liver wort in an hepatitis.

7 ~~There~~ There is remedy known in Eng? lately by the name of Looscion which ^{has} been much celebrated in madnes. It has derived ^{great} credit from

having been used with success ~~is~~ by Dr
Willis in the case of the present King
of Great Britain. It consists in binding
a patient down by means of a mad
shirt, and procuring silence & obedience
by means of the fear excited by the
appearance or use of a whip. I
can easily conceive this remedy as
far as it excited fear may be useful,
for fear like blood letting, and all the
other remedies for taking down morbid
excitement is a sedative, and therefore
not foreign to the proper indications
of cure. ^{where} But as its degree cannot
be regulated, and as it always
leaves disturbing associations in the
mind of a patient after he awakes,
I do not think it should ever

can be used except when the other
sedative remedies have all been too
feeble to cure the disease. ~~It is said~~
the King of Britain cannot at this
day, see a whip, without the most
distressing emotions, ^{nor has he ever consented to be attended by Dr W. Smeathman.} However successful
this mode of
coercion was said to be in his case, Dr
Physick informs me that ~~he~~ it was

* Dr Johnson in his lives of the poets
tells ^{us} that Dean Swift had a temporary
return of his reason - ~~for~~ During the
continuance of an Abscess in his
eye. -

much assisted by previous res.
low diet. — in his lectures
Dr Gregory used to relate a method
of curing atonic tonic madness which
was used by a Farmer in near
Aberdeen in Scotland with success.

This practice was to ^{yoke} ~~put~~ a number of
mad ^{men} ~~men~~ together, and to compel
them by force and fear to plough
his fields. This cruel & inhuman
remedy acted by taking down the
morbid excitement of the system.

- wild & ferocious brute animals are sometimes often subdued in the same way, but experience has shown ^{that} they may more easily be subdued by gentle treatment. In like manner ex-
perience has shown that madness yields more ^{certainly} easily, & more speedily to kind treatment & depleting remedies, than to the mad shirt - the whips or the plough &c. [yes - gent. ^{some of you}]

~~1808~~
+¹ For the convenience of this apportion

The ~~injury~~ ^{is} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~remedy~~ ^{is} ~~as~~ ^{the} ~~disinfecting~~ ^{the} ~~any~~ ^{the} ~~other~~ ^{the}

Exciting a febrile action in the
blood vessels. The late Dr. Ford used to send
maniacs to the Swamps of Gloucester
County in order to infect them with
the Intermitting fever. — see below.

I should be disposed to ^{expect} ~~expect~~ benefit from
— this practice. ^{Epidemic fever} ~~Antyphlog~~ Once restored
the greatest part of the patients in the
Penny: Hospital to their reason. An
Angina - Once had the same effect on
several of them. How Madmen die ^{the} without
discovering in the last days or hours
of their lives, ^{this remark was made long ago by Gal.} some signs of reason. ^{See}
- ^{ins.} ~~exante~~ ^{discovery} ~~is~~ ^{therefore} great
obstruction ^{judgment} in bringing Don Quixotte

in during ^{the} 3rd of 4. the 4th ~~was~~ ^{admitted}
hospital. Some recent Cases were admitted
since the 1st of Nov^r: last - viz: Oliver ¹⁸⁶⁵ Jones
Mr Pickens - James Gallaher - Dolly Bayley - Jos:
Withinson - Hugh Mc Gowan - & Eliz^h Bayley
- ~~four~~ ^{five} of whom have been cured & discharged,
- One of the five relapsed - but has been again
cured. The remaining two are in a fair
of recovery. Under the influence of the theory
I have taught, & the Remedies I have used;
I cured 11 out

I refer you

of ~~see~~ recent ~~to~~ mania ^{ch} have come
under our notice during the winter in
our hospital. They have been fewer in
number than in former years - but
^{and most of them have} they all been cured. They were ^{Is} Thomas

in Little & Mary Rowan & ^a ~~the~~ 4th Caroline

Idub ~~is~~ is now convalescent.

return to p 445

On this day ¹⁸⁰² & the 10th March 1797
of November in the Penryn Hospital
by the remedies which I have recom-
ended. ~~That~~ ^{we do} and that too

✓ 7 On the excitement of an artificial
Diarrhoea. This has cured not only
mania - but mania & mania,
by exciting a rubic action, or cre-
ating a ~~life dangerous~~ ^a disease ~~that~~
~~the~~ in a less delicate part of the body
than the brain. It once cured
mania of 9 years standing in
our Hospital.

have delivered) - ~~Madness~~ in its
in its ~~current~~ state, when
I now believe it to be ~~so~~
~~directed by the theory~~ ^{have delivered,}
manic under the power of medicine,
properly applied as ~~the~~ a plumb
or are intermitting fever. ^{Reason to p. 545} ~~##~~
See in ~~Madness~~ ^{Reason to p. 545}
will.

at it in all the cases

to his senses just before he dies, and making him languish over the folly & madness of his life. Now such die without a fever in his power. Tulpin remarks that ~~madness generally~~ ^{in his power} ~~is~~ ^{is} ~~from~~ ^{is} ~~quiescence~~ ^{is} ~~the~~ ^{is} ~~circulation~~ ^{is} ~~in the brain~~ ^{is} ~~is~~ ^{is} ~~probably~~ ^{is} ~~the~~ ^{is} ~~cause~~ ^{is} ~~of the~~ ^{is} ~~restoration~~ ^{is} ~~of reason~~ ^{is} ~~in~~ ^{is} ~~mad people~~ ^{is} ~~before they leave~~ ^{is} ~~the world.~~ ^{is} ~~Another cause of the restoration~~ ^{is} ~~of reason just before death is from the reflux being~~ ^{is} ~~referred by the effusion of water.~~ ^{is} ~~Stimulating vapours should if possible~~ ^{is} ~~be excited. Anger & fear~~ ^{is} ~~are most easily~~ ^{is} ~~excited. Perhaps insults in the one case,~~ ^{is} ~~& ~~some~~ artificial terror in the other~~ ^{is} ~~might excite the brain into action.~~ ^{is} ~~The good effects of these vapours in~~ ^{is} ~~hyst. (a disease of great atony) give~~ ^{is} ~~us reason to hope for equal effects~~ ^{is} ~~from them in ~~extreme~~ ^{this mode of} ~~madness.~~ ^{govern}~~ ^{is} ~~I spent for one year Dr Bond's treatment ^{to 550}~~ ^{is} ~~of him, & by saying his patient of flower water~~ ^{is} ~~& the effects of urine may be tried.~~ ^{is} ~~Large quantities of~~ ^{is} ~~supply in this disorder. But the time~~ ^{is}

Of the Diseases of the Memory.

V McCrow's case

V There is often a weakness or loss of mem^y with a sound state of the Understanding, & all the other faculties of the mind. Before I mention this cause, or cure, I shall deliver a few singular facts in the history of diseased memory.

+ [Substances which seem to act in a peculiar manner as direct or indirect Stimuli on the brain, & shall act just as there some do in a peculiar manner on the Arteries & others on the Nervous Systems. Perhaps the narcotics in excessive manner - would be the most proper in certain doses to cure Atonic memory?

- The sudden good effects of Arid Sp^{ts} in some weakness from Drunkenness seems to favour this conjecture. The effects from ~~Stimulants~~ ^{on} hereafter, ^{to be mentioned} makes this Conjecture still more probable.

~~The sedation. Dr Bond's~~

it is not at all rare cases

+ There is sometimes an oblivion ^{of words} of words with the perfect remembrance of the ideas, and of the letters which compose those words. The Rev^d Mr ^{of Newburyport} (it is supposed) a Stoppage of the bleeding piles had his memory affected in the following manner. He ^{would} ~~will~~ ^{try to} ~~say to~~ a man how does - & then spell YOUR WIFE. DO. Or he would say I am - & then spell C. B. & E. - ^{Story of Linnaeus -} ^{see fol. Vol. of extracts from his life.} The late Judge ~~the~~ Hopkinson retained, after the gout in his head, a perfect remembrance of the quality & uses of butter, but could not convey his idea of it without describing them, ~~He had~~ ^{he} forgot the word - which he did by drawing the flat side of a knife over a piece of bread. He had forgotten the word.

© 3rd It is a singular fact in the history of the
Memory that we sometimes forget the most
interesting - the most recent, & the most important
things, & remember perfectly things that ~~we~~ in which
we have no interest & that are ~~not~~ neither recent &
+ Lælius says the Emperor Claudius

lost his memory to ~~some~~ entirely from
this cause that he forgot ^{not only the} the persons
to whom he wished to speak, but
even what he wished to say.

& not important. Of this I could mention
several instances that have come within
my own knowledge, & ~~one~~ one of them occurred
in the experience of Dr Priestley.

V a poor woman who lost her husband
& several of her children informed me
late that she had forgotten even her name.

H The constant use of Opium - ~~is~~
causes of Sleep -

more happens here than what we observe in local palsies - in different parts of the body. I shall ^{mention} ~~specify~~ a simple method of curing this ^{local} defect of memory hereafter.

Having taken notice of the general phenomena ^{or} of the history of the cases of disordered memory, I shall proceed next to mention its remote causes, & Cure. —

The Causes of the Weakness or Loss of memory are as follows: —

- 1 Intemperance in eating.
- 2 Intemperance in Drinking. By a law in force formerly in Spain no man convicted of Drunkenness could be a witness in Court, probably from an implied belief that his memory was impaired by drinking.
- 3 Excess in Venery. 4 Grief. Of this I have known several instances of Lesions of the ^{two chronic forms of this plague} brain. 5 Fevers, especially the typhus. 6

I have known several cases of it in this
country ^{the late Dr Hilton - Sally Rhea (9 years old)}
^{the late Rev Mr} years of age by an
attack of a fever. ^{at 19 lost all his learning}
He was supposed to be in a trance & press^{es}
were made to bury him. ^{when he recovered,} he began to learn
the languages again. One day ~~at~~ some
months afterwards, his memory of past ideas &
words suddenly returned to him. ^{the late} Dr Leland's case,
a learned dissenting minister in Dublin
~~but~~ was remarkable in childhood
for his uncommon attainments
in literature. At 5 years age, he
had a fever which entirely effaced
all the knowledge he had acquired, so
that he was obliged to learn the
^{new} Alphabet over again, in order to
recover his knowledge of reading.
F. Calvus Amelianus relates from De-
metrius, that Artemidorus a grammarian

^{this} mentioned formerly as the consequence of the
 plague. 7 The great translated to the brain.
 8 The palsy, or Apoplexy. 9 Vertigo. 9 Excessive
 vs. for the Epilepsy. 10 Dying up an issue. Of
 this there is a case related by Dr Hoffman.
 11 Snuff - as in the case of ^{Dr Hoffman's} father. 12
 Terror. 13 Oppressing the memory with too
 many words. Zimmerman relates a case
 of a Swiss Clergyman who lost his ability
 to ^{acquire} ~~remember~~ any new ideas by taking too
 much pains to commit his sermons to
 memory in order to deliver them wth all the
 graces of Oratory. He finally died of apoplexy.
 - The weakness of memory ^{for ideas} I believe is often
 occasioned by the preposterous practice of
 obliging children to commit long speeches -
 - Grammar rules - & perhaps long
^{& dead languages.} Catechisms to memory. ^{My Successor} The next generation
^{in this Chair} I ~~do not~~ ^{hope} ~~say~~ will add under
 this head of the causes of the def^y of

was so terrified by the unexpected appearance of a crocodile, that he forgot all that he had ever learned: - Annals: vol. 11
p: 422.

And here I shall include moral & metaphysical remedies as well as physical - for a physician should be able to make every Art & Science subservient to the health of his patients. [He sh^d hold the key of ^{universal} nature in his hand.] -

Sir Isaac Newton forgot the ^{contents} ~~principles~~ of his own that great work ^{ch} he calls his Principia by ceasing to exercise his mind upon geometrical subjects. A M^r Hudde has spent of Amsterdam had spent several years in close application to conic sections. Leibnitz in returning from his travels called to see ^{him}, & expected to have been highly entertained by talking with him on the subject of his discoveries. He said M^r Hudde - ^{say} Look over this manuscript I have forgotten everything in it since I became

memory, the absurd practice of teaching
^{to read & write the language}
 boys the English, ~~then~~ by learning their
 memories with all the vocabularies of the
 Latin & Greek language. This mode of
 education, I believe has deprived the world
 of the abilities & services of many promising
 young men, by wearing out one of the most
 useful ^{faculties} powers of the mind ~~indeed~~ by the profusion
 of words, before ~~it was~~ ^{that time} of life in
 which it was proper to acquire ideas ~~xx~~
~~public actions &c.~~
 By the neglect to exercise the memory. 15 C^{ap}.
 The weakness of the memory may be
 =ation from study. ~~aided~~
 aided cured, or prevented by the following
 directions. ~~The Remedies for it are~~

1 By ~~avoiding~~ ^{avoiding} all the remote &
~~close attention~~ ^{occasional} Causess
 that have been ment? -

2 By Close Attention ^{or a frequent repetition} to the ~~Object~~ of our inquiry
 of w. we wish to remember. Old men
 who forget all modern ideas never
 forget ~~the~~ the Spot where they bury their
 money. This is owing wholly to their

Mayor of Amsterdam!! —

~~The~~ The effects of repetition are strikingly illustrated by
the case of a ^{printer in London} ~~man~~ who after working 7 years in
London only upon a Bible, could repeat every chapter
arise in it by memory.

✓ I once knew a sensible mother
in this city, who would never
permit her children to tell their
Dreams — she gave as a reason for
it that it taught them to lie —
— ~~that~~ I can easily conceive the
repetition of ^{incidents} ~~events~~ which had ^{no} ex-
-istence, might in time blend them-
-selves with such incidents as ^{were} ~~were~~
real in the minds of children, and
thus lead them to relate as facts
the thoughts which occurred to them
only in Dreams.

visiting it frequently, or to their minds being
 Absorbed by no Other idea. The effect of repeti-
 -tion is such upon the memory as to make
 men at last believe what they frequently
 relate, even tho' it be not true. Hence Prope-
 -~~rtas~~ Shakespeare in the tempest makes
 Prospero say of his brother - that he
 "made such a firm of his memory."
 "As to credit his own eye". V. Dr Watts
 charges young men to make it a practice
 always to repeat in the next company they
 go into, every Anecdotes or fact they hear, if they
 wish to remember it. - I have known this
 practised with Advantage. ~~The~~ It is not a
 more certain that the "liberal hand
 maketh rich" - than that ~~knowledge~~ ^{the best} knowledge
~~is~~ knowledge is acquired by commun-
 -icating it. He advises further to oblige Child-
 -~~ren~~ always to bring home part of lessons. ‡
 3 By calling in the aid of two or more
 senses & in acquiring ideas, - ~~part~~ we seldom

+ Where the eyes & ear cannot ~~not~~ both be employed
in acquiring knowledge, the use of the ear ^{shd} be preferred.
Julius Caesar says the reason why the Ancient Druids
did not commit their instructions to writing, was that
their pupils might, by receiving them by their ear, retain
them more easily & durably in their memories. Socrates
long ago said knowledge is most easily acquired & retained
in this way. - The ~~ear~~ ear is certainly less apt to be
distracted, than the eye by other objects, & the mind is much more
concentrated in hearing, than seeing. + ^{repeat to you}
~~used not rep~~ I shall hardly ~~exaggerate~~

the principal ~~causes~~ ^{circumstances}
which influence it - they are - time - place
pleasure - pain - sounds - words - letters -
habit - and interest. ~~Go to p 566~~ # 5th

+ What proves
~~as a proof of~~ the truth of this remark
is ~~these~~ few of the boy's songs & learned
by the ear only, in a nursery are never forgotten.

forget what ~~we~~ have handled ^{or tasted} as, well as
 seen. The eyes help the ears & the ears the
 eyes. We are seldom satisfied with hearing
 a newspaper read, till ~~it is~~ ^{hence when it is} laid
 down we take it up & ~~read~~ convey its con-
 tents to our memories, thro' our ^{own} eyes as
 well as ears. The Children & the vulgar
 whose memories are alike weak, generally
 address both their eyes & ears at once with ideas.
 hence they read when alone with an audi-
 -ble voice. — ^{or} memory is greatly influenced by
 1. By Association | The power of associating
 Ideas & words is wonderful in the human
 mind. | I shall endeavour to explain it upon
 our principle of motion. When a group of
 ideas are rec'd ^{at once} into the memory, they probably
 are deposited ~~near~~ in contiguity to each other in
 the brain - so that motion exciting one moves
 them all. It extends to place. A ^{physician} ~~man~~
 meets a patient in the street, & promises to

+ Of this I had lately ^{the} experience in
myself. A patient whose name I
could not recollect met ^{me} in $\frac{2}{7}$ Street &
requested me to visit his Daughter,
- I promised I would, & after night
~~set off~~ went to his house still
unable to recollect his name. From
what I had observed in myself & others
I was sure I should recollect it as
soon as I came to his door. The
case actually happened, & I accosted
the man by his name when I entered
his house.

and him a dose of physic. From having his mind saturated with previous cases, he forgets him till the next day, or perhaps till a week afterwards, when he is reminded of his promise by passing along the same street where he met his patient, or perhaps by meeting a person whom he saw with him, or at the same time, in another part of the town. In attempting to recall an absent idea, it ~~will~~ great benefit will frequently arise from placing ourselves in the exact spot we were in when we rec^d the first impression of y^e idea. [†] 2 Association is helped by pleasure. A speech deliv^d with an agreeable voice & all the graces of Oratory is much easier remembered than where these advantages are wanting. [The first time I heard the late celeb^d Mr Garrison ^{speak} ~~speech~~, I was so charmed with his oratory that I repeated to a friend who lodged in the same



house ^{the} was the greatest part of an ^{epilogue}
^{the} which Mr Gamble concluded the enter-
 -tainment of the evening. Three years after-
 -wards this friend repeated the same Epilogue
 to me in this city. I was again ^{pleased} ~~amused~~ with
 it, & wished for a copy - of it - for I had
 entirely forgotten it. He told me that he
 had never seen it, & had retained it by fre-
 -quently repeating it - only in consequence
 of my repeating it to him the ^{night} ~~even~~ After
 I heard it. 3 By pain. Hence the practice
 of whipping boys in Eng? when land marks
 are fixed, that they ^{may} serve as witnesses at a
 future day - & hence too the facility with
 which women remember every event con-
 -nected with childbearing. ^{mothers} They have on this
 Ac^t been called living Almanacs. ~~By~~
~~By Interest - The influence which our~~
~~being aware of is interested in the objects to~~
~~be remembered will greatly a~~



4 The memory is often helped by an association
 arbitrary
 of Signs. A knot in a handkerchief - or
 a string tied round the finger ~~with~~ is
 often used ^{to} advantage to secure the return
 of an ~~idea~~ idea at the time we want it.

5 By words - sounds - ~~words & letters~~. The
 sameness of Sound - often brings an absent
 idea to our memory. Thus the ^{Swift} melancholly
^{ch} w: follows the playing of a certain tune is
 produced ~~us~~ by the associated ideas of the in-
 nocent haunts ^{in which in early} of childhood & youth ^{life} they
 first heard & tune played. - There is a psalm
 tune which was very familiar to me when
 a boy at a Country School, and tho' it has
 neither taste nor melody in it, yet it associates
 so many ideas of delightful scenes & pleasant
 companions that are now no more, that
 I ~~can~~ can scarcely hear it without tears!

6 By words - A ~~one~~ ^{word} ~~name~~ often begets the
 remembrance of others, even tho' they are

+ a name is often remembered by going
over all the letters of the alphabet.

V & Custom. see Beallie. ^{by an association of} _{Interest}

So choice was he of the great Receptacle of his ideas y^t.
+ He made it a practice to withdraw his attention
from all trifling conversations, & when asked what
he was thinking about used to reply "of Tom Thum".
20 to p. 568.

6 The memory is improved by using it. The
low state of memory among savages is
owing to the fewness of Objects & occasions for
memory to exercise itself on. — mem^{ry} books
shd never be used in early life. They are like
Go Carts to Children that can run alone.
In the decline of life mem^{ry} books are useful,
by saving the memory unnecessary labor &
fatigue. — Dr Bush had a case.

The memory is ^{improved} ~~improved~~ by shutting the eyes.
7 Woodfall shuts his eyes in order to
enable him to retain speeches ^{of an orator} next day
after committing them to paper & forget them.

Hutton's memory was always best in
cold weather.

8 V^t Centaury & Spices. Elmhurst says
when a young man be ^{greatly} ~~is~~ injured
his memory by swallowing three
or four Cubes daily. The Cardamon
seeds are said to have the same
effect. — Laurus vol II. p 288

+ While I recommend these remedies for
decay of memory, there is one set of ideas
that we sh^d. never attempt to recall to
our minds, & that is the remembrance
of injuries. Demius Dares was once insulted
by the Athenians, & ever afterwards kept a
page to sound in his ^{when he sat down to dinner} ears "remember
the Athenians". ~~If there were possible~~ ^{these instead of this} and ad-
monition to revenge - would it not be much
better to have a servant to ~~proclaim~~ ^{whisper} in our
ears every time we sat down to dinner "~~Don't~~
forget the injuries of your enemies".

Another Benet's Speech upon the loss of his
memory. -

+ many facts prove this. 1 The Story of the
Countess of Laval. & of Dan Rutherford. 2 The story
of old ~~men~~ ^{men} ~~who~~ ^{who} said the old ladies
& Dutch people always prayed in Swedish or
Dutch language - neither of which they had
spoken many years before, & had probably
forgotten them. - 3 The fact of old people re-
membering events of childhood.

millions memory lost
in cool weather.

568

Talking of marriage over the

old bath & gently exercise. Nothing says

Mr Pipe announces a man's ideas equal to
riding ~~on horseback~~ a trotting horse. ~~What is~~
~~the effects of Stramonium?~~ go to Ps: 670.

I have only one remark to add upon
the subject of the memory, & that is I believe
no idea that is once lodged there is ever lost.

There are
I present several ~~personal~~ facts ~~personally~~ which
prove that ~~in~~ that not only ideas but
words, can exist in the memory in a latent
or quiescent state. Let not this surprise.

The capacity of a single grain of wheat
Once contained within itself shall be a
portion of matter that has existed in every
grain of wheat that has existed since
the creation, or it will exist to the end of
the world. The whole human race Once
existed in the ~~body~~ of a single man.
Why then should we wonder that the ideas of
a life time should be lodged in a fourth or
fifth part of the brain? ~~Q~~



The consideration of this fact should lead us to be cautious in admitting a single improper idea into our minds, and sh^d encourage us to fill them ^{only} with useful knowledge. — ~~But now~~ If every idea we acquire is to be retained, & if our powers of acquiring & retaining ideas increase with the number of our ideas, then let us figure to ourselves the extent & treasures of the human mind after the revolution of millions of years in the presence of the deity, & in the Society of spirits equally intelligent with itself? — No Arithmetic is capable of calculating the knowledge to be acquired under such circumstances.

But let us ascend one step higher & ask ourselves what must be the nature & attributes of that Being whose perfections will appear unsearchable, in proportion to the expansion of our faculties, & who will recede from

~~V without either disease~~

V ~~It has~~ different grades, from the lowest
degree of ~~chronic~~ ^{chronic} ~~enlargement~~ ^{enlargement} ~~to that grade~~
which =

③ In these cases the skull is low & inferior
in height to maniacs, & there is a great
disproportion between the face & head,
the former being much larger than
the latter. The bones of the head are
thick. This is the case with the
Cretins. ~~They live to be old.~~ ^{First.}
D^r Rogers has written on

our comprehension in proportion to the growth
of our ^{faculties} knowledge, & the degrees of our knowledge,
thru the immeasurable ages of eternity? - The
that is too big for expression, & the mind sinks
under a sense of its infinite magnitude -

7 Fatuity - ~~or Morcellia~~

This ~~disease~~ ^{disorder} consists in a total absence of
understanding & memory. - passionate moral
foolishness. But there are different degrees of it.

~~It sometimes exists in general powers as in the~~
~~case of - But I am not sure of this~~
~~It sometimes exists with y passions & sometimes with~~
~~especially love - much case, sometimes with great~~
~~again without it. or partial.~~
~~no will - It is sometimes a total absence~~
~~is paralytic. Action. There is~~
of ~~matter~~ in the parts of the brain w^h are the

seats of the impaired faculties. Hence I
have called it disorder. ✓

= It discovers itself in a vacuity in the
eye - or in garrulity, or silence - and its worst degrees
by stuttering - rolling of the tongue - & hideous
gestures of the head - & ordinals. ○

1 It is sometimes congenial [Different

interesting Acc^t of them. They have no
knowledge of their parents, nor are
they able to feed themselves until they are
8 or 10 years - all their senses are
torpid - but the venereal appetite exists
in them in great force - They are addicted
after puberty ^{they are now & then mischievous} to Onanism. ^{Lastly} they
are long lived. Their vices are the effects of a
portion of disease.

2 It ~~may be considered as a kind of~~
~~atrophy of the mind~~ induces mania,
consequently

It is ~~sometimes~~ the result of
long protracted mania; ~~in~~
~~which case there is both~~ It is generally
a kind of atrophy of the brain, ~~but~~ ^{and}
exists from simple debility only, but
after mania it is attended with
disorder.

degrees of these powers are likewise often hereditary. It is remarkable they generally follow the female parent. Hence the old saying "*Sensus sequitur, sequiturque Sexum*". I have known few very sensible or brilliant men who were not ^{born} ~~descended~~ of sensible mothers. ^{faults} ~~faults~~ The ~~powers~~ ^{faculties} of the mind appears to descend & spread in families as much as complexion - Constitution, or a predispos^{ition} to particular diseases. - Hence we often meet with families distinguished for genius, or the want of it. - That certain connections in marriage tend to keep up, or to destroy ~~the~~ a family character for ~~the~~ genius I think cannot be doubted. There are at present too few observations preserved to make a system upon this subject. - But ~~there~~ I am satisfied that the health & beauty - & ~~degrees~~ ^{faculties} of mental ~~powers~~ ^{faculties} of the human species may all be improved by ~~proper~~ ^{proper} paper, or impaired by improper

V You will perhaps smile Gentlemen
while I proceed to treat of the cure of this ^{decay or}
Absence of mind. But there are facts which
render it our duty to attempt it. For ¹ It
has been cured by nature, or more properly
^{operating} by changes induced upon the System by time
& disease. [I shall read you an acc^t of a
cure performed by ^{the former} ~~same~~ ^{taking} from the history of
the Lunatic Asylum at York lately sent
to me ^{a few years ago} by Dr Hunter, the Physician of the
said Asylum. p: 23rd. But further. I have
said that ~~cure~~ Disease sometimes awakens
the mind ~~into~~ from its long repose into action. ~~¶~~
Hence the propriety of employing violent
Stimulants - such as Caustics. I instance.
Of this ^{has recorded a remarkable case.} He
1. [¶] Dr Percival relates the case of a
young woman ^{who} who had been born &
continued an idiot for 34 years, who
was seized with a Consumption, &
in her last illness ^{acquired so perfectly} ~~recovered~~ her senses,
^{as to} astonished every body with her
Conversation. X

mixture, & that the laws which govern ^{here} are as certain as those which govern the relation of chemical bodies to each other. I have heard it remarked that

2. Fatuity is induced by falls, or lesions of the brain - by fever ^{by the excessive use of Opium} - by intemperance in drinking - & by violent passions of the mind. ^{by all the causes of general weakness.} It relates two causes of it from the rigor of a battle, & one from ^{by} -

3 By Old age. - It is a melancholly truth that we are only once men & twice Children. There is a certain intermediate degree of solidity in the brain which is most favourable to the mental powers. If ~~too~~ too much ^{moisture} softness & dryness equally lead to fatuity. It occurs in old age from the latter cause - hence the want of ^{action} ~~motion~~ in the brains of old people. - V

~~Fatuity has been cured in Children~~
1 by falls and a burn - as in Dr Priestly's Child & Dr. M - in Edin^r by a burn ⁺ to these the Cold Bath - Chalybeates - & exercise might be added wth Advantage ⁺ ^{it would} be the effects of Stramonium. ^{Storke's facts}

V. In order to assist all the remedies that
have been mentioned, it will be useful
to oblige our patients ^{to} ~~to~~ ^{apply his eyes to} read some
simple & entertaining book. He will
much sooner acquire ideas in this
way than from conversation, owing
to the longer impression of the words
upon his eyes, than upon the ears
when they are pronounced but once
in the usual ^{way} ~~style~~ in conversation.
Dull boys, ^{are sometimes} thus made Scholars - &
& Contra - smart boys made dull -
too much stimulated for brains.

The temporary

573

Fatuity - from femors &c often goes of it of itself by
exercise & fresh air. It does not - cold Bath
~~the best~~ ~~remedy~~ ~~for~~ ~~it~~ cures it. ✓

Fatuity from old age cannot be cured, but
it may be prevented, by employing ^{the} mind in
the evening of life in reading or conversation.

Dr Johnson ascribes the fatuity of Dean Swift
to two causes
to his having made a resolution in early life if
he wd. never ~~use~~ ^{use the} spectacles, which prevented

his reading in the decline of life. & 2^{ly} to his
extreme aversion which led him to retire ^{from company &}
to abscond from visitors, least he sh^d be obliged
to entertain them. ^{He thus} ~~By these means he lost the~~

lost the means of acquiring new ideas, and
renovating old ones, in consequence of which
his mind sunk into fatuity from ^{the} want of
motion or exercise. - ^{who have no relish for books} Country people when

they loose the ability of going abroad from
age, or weakness, are very apt to fall into
into fatuity, especially as they are too apt

✓ this remark. There lived a woman in this city a few years ago between 90 & 100 years of age who ~~never~~ reached a second childhood. Her memory in a particular manner had perished so completely that she used to say "she had forgotten every thing she had ever known, but her god".

The Person who lost his memory by a fall
from his Carriage mentioned yesterday, ^{fell}
~~was~~ on his knees on the great road, and

Thanked God that while he had entirely
forgotten all his human knowledge he still
remembered and was able to adore the holy
trinity his creator. I ~~am~~ ^{am} ~~now~~ ^{am} ~~attending~~ ^{attending} ~~to~~ ^{to} his lost his

trinity his creator. ~~a man~~ ^{an}
a ~~gentleman~~ ^{officer} in this city who has lost his
memory by the stroke of a palsy. He is ignorant
of not only of all ^{but his only weakness of} that ever he knew, but of
time & place. ^{He cannot even read, nor spell.} His perceptions only are correct.

He goes to p. 455 on Dismissal of the enemy. He still knows the faces & names of his family & his visitors. With this total oblivion of all his human events; with this total anni-

- bilitation of his judgment & reasoning
 powers, he retains a high & ^{correct} ~~perfect~~
 sense of religious & moral obligations.

I refer you to my oration on the
influence of physical causes upon the
moral faculty. I refer you to my oration
on the deliv^r before the American Philo-
sophical Society. The ^{facts &} principles ^{wh^{ch}}

I have there delivered were ~~treated~~
with contempt by philosophers, and
treated with ridicule by the ^{most of} vulgar

~~part of our citizens.~~ But I have
lived to see them ^{treated in a very different manner.} ~~many of the first men in our~~
~~adopted by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.~~
~~and realized in the more~~
~~but what might~~

Jail, of this city. ~~Go gent. to your~~
with more propriety ~~by calling the~~
building. ~~you will there see science &~~
"temple of Reason & humanity" in the
city of Philada. ~~Let me advise you gent.~~
to visit it before you leave town.
science and religion mutually em-
bracing each other. ~~Then you~~

This is evinced by his calling his family
together every night and praying with
them in a style perfectly agreeable to
all his rational which indicates no part
of his knowledge to have perished on divine
Subjects. What is very remarkable he
has no knowledge of days, or hours, & yet
on Saturday evenings he never fails to accom-
modate his prayers to the duties, of the
ensuing Sabbath.

One more fact upon this Subject
shall suffice to illustrate the vigor of the
love of duty & the benevolent affections amidst
the decay or loss of all the other faculties of the
mind. There is a ^{man} in this city
his piety) who is now in a state of idiocy.
He had been in the habit of sending ^{some} a paper
bread every year to one of his neighbours while
his mind was in a sound state. Since the
loss of the his rational faculties, he has
never failed for several years past to send the
same present to his neighbour.
or poorer over - all in y^e place.

~~These~~ ^{These} Brutes, may even Devils have
^{been} changed into ~~vices~~ ^{vicious} by maleable &
^{vicious} men ~~even amiable, citizens~~, by the influence
of Darkness, ^{silence,} solitude, the want of
employment, or constant labor,
^{moderate sleep -}
low diet, cleanliness, and aided by
gentle and affectionate treatment, &
~~barbaral and religious~~ ^{proper moral & religious} instruction.

~~This triumph of~~ ^{& original} may this happy
Union of Reason and ~~Human~~ ^{Human} philosophy
and the mild spirit of Christianity spread
throughout the world! and may the
wonders of nature learn from it that
capital punishments are as absurd
as they ^{are} cruel! and ^{above all} may the Clergy of
all denominations be taught by it
not to dishonour the Supreme Being
by teaching that ~~extermination~~ ^{extermination}, or
~~his Maker~~ ^{more wise than} can prevent vice by forgiving.
~~its~~ ^{its} unless misery are necessary to prevent

Diseases of the Passions

[The human mind ^{may be} ~~has been~~ compared to a
^{the British} ~~well balanced~~ government. The Will is the
~~monarch or the~~ ^{the} supreme executive. The Understanding
 is the house of Lords, ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~passions~~ the house
 of Commons. The ^{moral faculty} ~~Conscience~~ ^{high} is
~~the~~ ^{the} Westminster - and the Con-
 science the high Court of Chancery of the
~~mind.~~ ^{mind.} ~~which~~ To this court all appeals are
 finally made - and as it is above all power,
 & law, it decides upon the proceedings of both
 according to the eternal principles of equity.
 Our Business at present ^{is} ~~is~~ ^{to treat of} ~~with~~ the most
 turbulent & unruly ~~part~~ ^{parts}. As a Govern-
 ment constituted of the five powers that have
 been enumerated, can be well executed,
 only while all those powers are in unison
 with each other, so the human mind cannot

of the passions
I formerly mentioned their effects upon
the human body. my business at present
is only to mention their specific diseases.

X The passions
are ~~often~~ most frequently affected
by an excess in their operations, and
they become ungovernable like nervous
convulsions by repetition. ~~But there is~~
Sometimes ^{or} deficiency of force in their
action - hence frequently arises a languor
of the Understanding & memory - ~~But~~
likewise they ~~are~~ sometimes exist in a torpid
state. I have seen a ~~lady~~ ^{Lady} whose only
disease seemed to consist in a fermentation or suspension
of all her passions. she used to say she hated
& loved nobody - she was incapable of anger,
or resentment, and she could feel no
pleasure, & she knew no pain - The Under-
standing & memory of this woman ap-
peared to be in a perfect state. I have
likewise known a Gentleman in

be happy unless all its analogous powers are in
 harmony with each other. ~~Thus~~ as the house
 of Commons is most subject to turbulence,
 - corruption, & undue influence, ~~if~~ any part
 of the British government, so the passions are
 the most ^{subject to} disorder of any ^{the} powers of the
 human mind. ✓

✓ [The passions are a necessary part of
 our mind. - Rousseau has well observed "that
 "our reason perfects itself thro' the activity of our
 "passions - that we aim at knowing, because
 "we are desirous of enjoying, - & that no man
 "would give himself the trouble of thinking
 "unless impelled to it thro' desire or fear." -

! The passions are ^{therefore} ~~not~~ only a source of
 our knowledge. They invigorate the understanding,
 & the memory - hence it has been observed by
 Lord Hailes that most men of great genius
 are more or less under the dominion of a

Strong & active passion. —

2 They ^{invigorate the moral faculty.} ~~must be an influence on the~~ ~~moral faculty~~ hence some of the most distinguished Characters for piety & benevolence ⁴ have ever existed, have been men of active passions.

3 ^{The} ~~They~~ Passions contribute to the health of the body — by invigorating the Circulation, & promoting all the Functions. —

But These are ~~the~~ useful & salutary effects of the passions belong to them, only, while they are under the Government of reason & religion. But is this always the case?

— The history of our Mankind in all ages & in all ~~countries~~ ^{tyranny -} informs us of the Contrary. War - murder - ~~murder~~ - ^{tyranny} - ~~murder~~ - ^{tyranny} - & all the other public & private crimes which disgrace human nature originate in the disorders of ~~the~~ passions. Nor is this all - half the

of Virginia had a
Mrs Harrison of Child while she was
deranged. She discovered no Affection for
it - refused to give it suck, & finally
denied it to be her own.

Dr Barraud's Letter to Dr Briggs
I Dr Rush dated Williamsburgh 20th Apr: 1798
As soon as the ♀ touched her mouth,
her natural Affection returned. —

+ But there is a similar variation of
the passions of Affection & Grief from ano-
-ther cause. Homer has described it
in Telemachus from a medicine w^{ch}
Helen gave him. Its effects are thus
described as follow:

" Tho' on the blazing pile, his parent
lay,
or a lov'd brother groan'd his life away,
or Darling son oppress'd by Russian
force.
Full breathless at his feet a mangled
corpse.

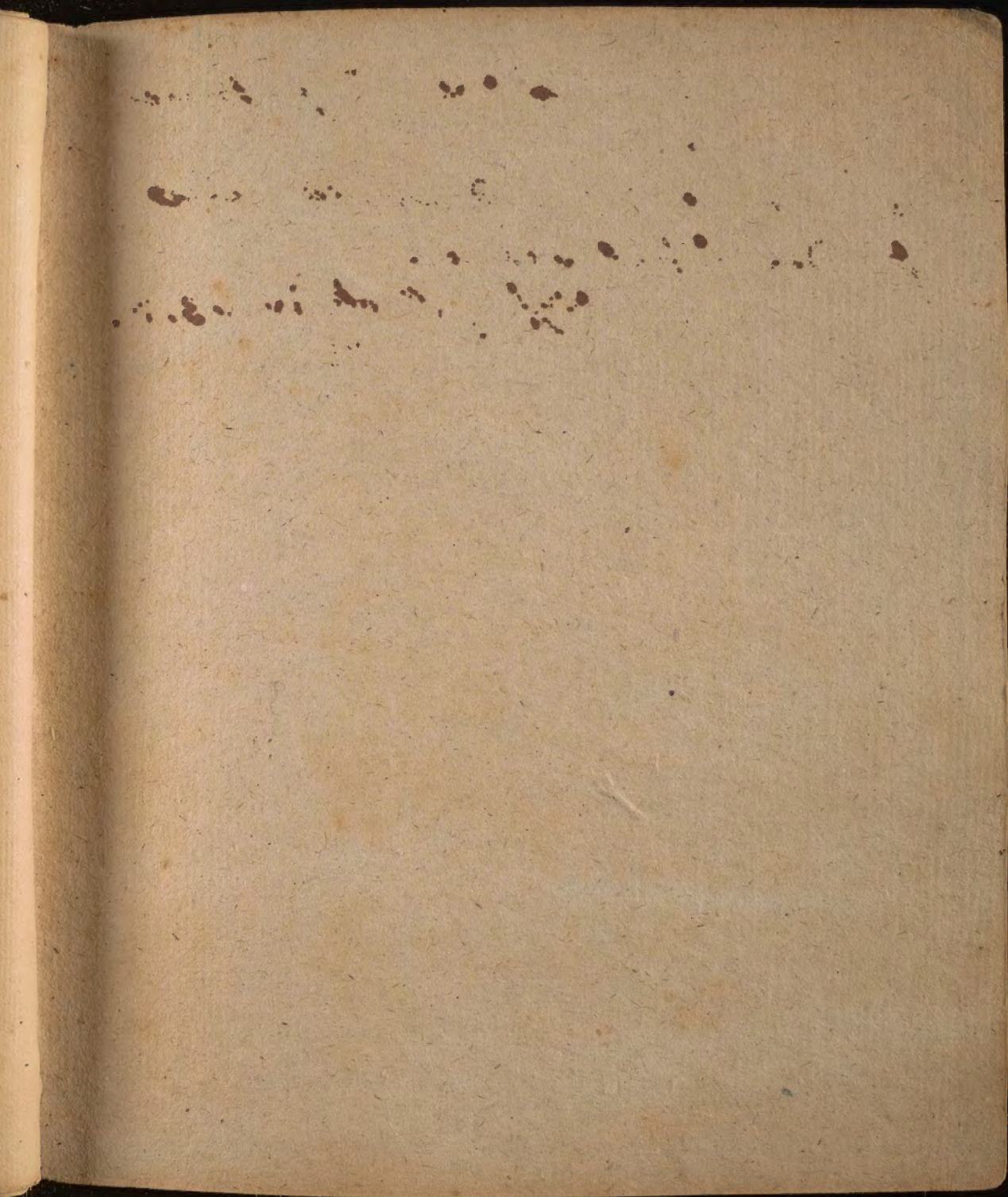
Diseases of the human ^{body} originate from the excess of their action on the system. —

Moral evil I believe has its seat in the body as well as the mind, and it will be impossible to ~~eradicate~~ ^{remove} it from one, without eradicating from the other. This I know is an indisputable opinion with great Masters in philosophy & medicine. But the Ancients understood it perfectly. The School of Pythagoras, was an apprenticeship to bodily discipline & mortification. I have taken notice of the influence of filial upon the moral faculty in young people. This fact was so ~~well~~ well understood by the ~~ancient~~ ^{ancient} ~~greek~~ ^{greek} philosopher ~~that~~ that no boy was suffered to speak in his school, till ^{several} ~~some~~ years after he entered it. How different ^{was} is this from the practice of modern schools, in which the first, and in many ^{schools} ~~things~~ the only thing boys are taught is to divert themselves of their natural

"From noon to eve, impressive
and serene.

"The man entranced, would view
the Deathful Scene.

Odyssey Book iv v 315.
return to p: 578 0



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